PROBLEM: In the rotating disk and strobe demo described in Chapter 4 of *SP-First*, we observed that different flashing rates of the strobe light would make the spot on the disk stand still.

per minute). Express the movement of the spot on the disk as a rotating complex phasor.

(b) If the strobe light can be flashed at a rate of *n* flashes *per second* where *n* is an integer greater than

(a) Assume that the disk is rotating in the clockwise direction at a constant speed of 900 rpm (revolutions

- zero, determine all possible flashing rates such that the disk can be made to stand still.

 NOTE: the only possible flashing rates are 1 per second, 2 per second, 3 per second, etc.

 (c) If the flashing rate is 13 times per second, explain how the spot will move and write a complex phasor
- that gives the position of the spot at each flash.

 (d) Draw a spectrum plot of the discrete-time signal in part (c) to explain your answer.