## PROBLEM:

soundsc(xn, 8000)

converter.

The following MATLAB commands are used to make an output sound:

This is a direct continuation of Problem 5.4\*. Use your results from Problem 5.4(a) and (b) in this problem.

Since we can listen to the sound produced by the soundsc() function, we can regard the soundsc() function as a D-to-C converter whose input is xn, and whose output is the analog signal that we hear.

- (a) Draw a plot of the (idealized) continuous-time spectrum (vs. f in Hz) of the continuous-time sig-
- nal that would be created at the output of an ideal D-to-C converter (approximately realized by the soundsc() function).
- (b) Write an equation for x(t), the continuous-time signal that is created at the output of the ideal D-to-C
- (c) What is the duration (in seconds) of the continuous-time signal x(t)?

xn = makedcos(pi\*[0,0.25,0.75,1.75],[1,1-1i,-7i,2i],200001)