

(a) Suppose that the discrete-time signal x[n] is given by the formula

$$x[n] = 10\cos(0.20\pi n - \pi/3)$$

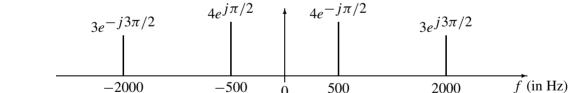
Hz; i.e., find $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ such that $x[n] = x_1(nT_s) = x_2(nT_s)$ if $T_s = 1/2500$. Give only the

If the sampling rate is $f_s = 2500$ samples/second, many different continuous-time signals $x(t) = x_i(t)$ could have been inputs to the above system. Determine two such inputs with frequency less than 2500

$$x_1(t)$$
: $f_1 =$ Hz $\phi_1 =$ rads $x_2(t)$: $f_2 =$ Hz $\phi_2 =$ rads

frequency and phase for each signal.

(b) If the input x(t) is given by the two-sided spectrum representation shown below,



Determine the spectrum for x[n] when $f_s = 2500$ samples/sec. Make a plot for your answer, but label the frequency, amplitude and phase of each spectral component.

