PROBLEM:

C-to-D Converter

$$T_s = 1/f_s$$

D-to-C Converter

$$T_s = 1/f_s$$

(a) If the input to the ideal C/D converter is $x(t) = 10\cos(1800\pi t + \pi/2)$, determine the spectrum for $x[n]$ when $f_s = 1000$ samples/sec. Make a plot for your answer, but label the frequency, amplitude and phase of each spectral component.

x[n]

Ideal

y(t)

x[n] when $f_s = 1000$ samples/sec. Make a plot for your answer, but label the frequency, amplitude and phase of each spectral component. **Label Carefully** Use $\hat{\omega}$ for digital freq. $\hat{\omega}$ (in rad) $\frac{1}{2}\pi$ π 0

Ideal

(b) Suppose that the input signal is a chirp signal defined as follows: $x(t) = \cos(2\pi(100)t + 50\pi t^2)$ for 0 < t < 10 sec.

x(t)

If the sampling rate is
$$f_s = 1000$$
 Hz, then the output signal $y(t)$ will have time-varying frequency content. Draw a graph of the resulting analog *instantaneous* frequency (in Hz) versus time of the signal $y(t)$ after reconstruction. Recall that this could be done in MATLAB by putting a sampled

chirp signal into the MATLAB function specgram (), or the SP-First function plotspec ().

