PROBLEM:

Solve the following simultaneous equations by using a method based on complex amplitudes. Show

how to convert the sinusoidal equations into complex-number equations. If we assume that the amplitudes are positive, will the answers for M_1 and M_2 be unique? How about ψ_1 and ψ_2 ; are

there other answers for the phases?

$$\cos(1.5\pi t + 4\pi) = M_1 \cos(1.5\pi t + \psi_1) + M_2 \cos(1.5\pi t + \psi_2)$$

 $3\sqrt{2}\cos(1.5\pi t - 3\pi/4) = M_1\cos(1.5\pi t + \psi_1) - M_2\cos(1.5\pi t + \psi_2)$