PROBLEM:

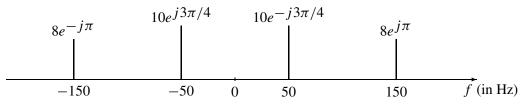
Again consider the ideal sampling and reconstruction system shown in Figure 1 of the previous problem.

(a) Suppose that the discrete-time signal x[n] in Figure 1 is given by the formula

$$x[n] = 4\cos(0.2\pi n + \pi/8)$$

If the sampling rate of the C-to-D converter is $f_s = 8000$ samples/second, many *different* continuoustime signals $x(t) = x_{\ell}(t)$ could have been inputs to the above system. Determine two such inputs with frequency less than 8000 Hz; i.e., find $x_1(t) = A_1 \cos(\omega_1 t + \phi_1)$ and $x_2(t) = A_2 \cos(\omega_2 t + \phi_2)$ such that $x[n] = x_1(nT_s) = x_2(nT_s)$ if $T_s = 1/8000$ secs.

(b) Now if the input x(t) to the system in Figure 1 of Problem 5.1 has the two-sided spectrum representation shown below, what is the *minimum* sampling rate f_s such that the output y(t) is equal to the input x(t)?



(c) Determine the spectrum for x[n] when $f_s = 150$ samples/sec. Make a plot for your answer, but label the frequency, amplitude and phase of each spectral component.