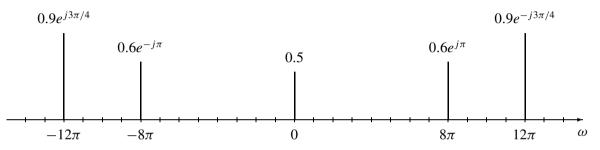
PROBLEM:

The spectrum of a signal x(t) is shown in the following figure:



Note carefully that the frequency axis is radian frequency (ω) not cyclic frequency (f).

- (a) Write an equation for x(t) in terms of cosine functions.
- (b) Is x(t) periodic? You must explain this answer. Why or why not? If it is periodic, what is the fundamental frequency ω_0 and corresponding period T_0 of x(t)?
- (c) A new signal is defined as $y(t) = \cos(\beta t + \pi/4) + x(t)$. Choose the radian frequency β so that the fundamental frequency of y(t) is *half* the fundamental frequency of x(t). *Note: There may be more than one possible solution.*
- (d) Using the frequency β found in (c), modify the spectrum plot above so that it becomes the spectrum of y(t). Label the complex amplitude as well as the frequency.