Simplify the following and give the answer as a single sinusoid: $x(t)=A \cos (\omega t+\phi)$. Draw the vector diagram of the complex amplitudes (phasors) to show how you obtained the answer.
(a) $x_{a}(t)=\cos (400 \pi t-\pi / 3)+\cos (400 \pi t+\pi / 3)$
(b) $x_{b}(t)=-\cos (100 \pi t)+\sqrt{2} \cos (100 \pi t-\pi / 4)+\sqrt{2} \cos (100 \pi t+\pi / 4)$
(c) $x_{c}(t)=\sqrt{2} \cos (50 t+\pi / 2)+\sqrt{2} \cos (50 t)+2 \cos (50 t-\pi / 3)$

