PROBLEM:

component.

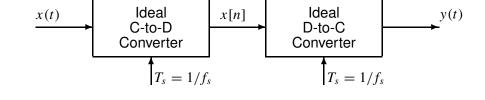


Figure 1: Ideal sampling and reconstruction system.

Shown in the figure above is an ideal C-to-D converter that samples x(t) with a sampling period

continuous-time signal
$$y(t)$$
 from the samples $x[n]$. Suppose that $x(t)$ is given by

 $x(t) = [10 + 10\cos(500\pi t - \pi/2)]\cos(2000\pi t)$ (a) Use Euler's formulas for the cosine functions to expand x(t) in terms of complex exponential signals so that you can sketch the two sided spectrum of this signal. Be sure to label

 $T_s = 1/f_s$ to produce the discrete-time signal x[n]. The ideal D-to-C converter then forms a

(a) Use Euler's formulas for the cosine functions to expand x(t) in terms of complex exponential signals so that you can sketch the two-sided spectrum of this signal. Be sure to label important features of the plot. Is this waveform periodic? If so, what is the period?

(b) What is the *minimum* sampling rate f_s that can be used in the above system so that y(t) = x(t)?
(c) Plot the spectrum of the sampled signal x[n] for the case when f_s = 5000. Your plot should include labels on the frequency (on the ô scale), amplitude and phase of each spectrum