

## PROBLEM:

In the rotating disk and strobe demo described in Chapter 4, of *SP-First*, we observed that different flashing rates of the strobe light would make the spot on the disk stand still.

- (a) Assume that the disk is rotating in the counterclockwise direction at a constant speed of 12 revolutions per second. Express the movement of the spot on the disk as a rotating complex phasor.
- (b) If the strobe light can be flashed at a rate of  $n$  flashes *per second* where  $n$  is an integer greater than zero, determine all possible flashing rates such that the disk can be made to stand still.  
NOTE: the only possible flashing rates are integers: 1 per second, 2 per second, 3 per second, etc.
- (c) Now assume that the flashing rate is fixed 13 times/second. Explain how the spot will move and write a complex phasor that gives the position of the spot at each flash.
- (d) Draw a spectrum plot of the discrete-time signal in part (c) to explain your answer.