## **PROBLEM**:

Let  $h[n] = \frac{1}{2}\delta[n] + 3\delta[n-1] + \frac{1}{2}\delta[n-2]$  be the impulse response of an LTI system and let

$$x[n] = 3e^{j(3\pi/2)n}, \qquad -\infty < n < \infty$$

be the input to that system.

 $\mathcal{H}(\hat{\omega}) =$ 

(a) Determine the frequency response  $\mathcal{H}(\hat{\omega})$  of h[n]. Note: We have also used the notation  $H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$  for the frequency response; i.e.  $\mathcal{H}(\hat{\omega}) = H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$ .

(b) If y[n] = h[n] \* x[n], the output is a complex exponential of the form  $Ae^{j(\omega_o n + \phi)}$ , where A is a real positive number. Determine A,  $\phi$  and  $\omega_o$ .

A =

 $\phi =$ 

 $\omega_o =$