## **PROBLEM:**In the rotating disk and strobe demo shown in class we observed that different flashing rates of the strobe

(the first flash).

(a) Assume that the disk is rotating clockwise at a constant speed of 13 revolutions per second. If the flashing rate is 15 times per second, express the movement of the spot on the disk as a complex phasor,

p[n], that gives the position of the spot at the n-th flash. Assume that the spot is at the top when n=0

light would make the spot on the disk stand still or move in different directions.

- (b) For the conditions in part (a), determine the apparent speed (in revolutions per second) and direction of movement of the "strobed" spot.
- (c) Now assume that the rotation speed of the disk is unknown. If the flashing rate is 13 times per second, and the spot on the disk moves counter-clockwise by 15 degrees with each flash, determine the rotation speed of the disk (in rev/sec). If the answer is not unique give all possible rotation speeds.