## PROBLEM:

The two-sided spectrum of a signal $x(t)$ is given in the following table:

| frequency $(\omega)$ | complex phasor |
| :---: | :---: |
| $-150 \pi$ | $X_{-2}$ |
| $-90 \pi$ | $3 e^{j \pi / 4}$ |
| 0 | 5 |
| $\omega_{1}$ | $X_{1}$ |
| $150 \pi$ | $1+\sqrt{3} j$ |

(a) If $x(t)$ is a real signal, what are $X_{1}, X_{-2}$, and $\omega_{1}$ ?
(b) Write an expression for $x(t)$ involving only real numbers and cosine functions.

