## **PROBLEM:**

A real signal

 $x(t) = A\cos(200\pi t + \phi) + B\cos(\omega_1(t - \tau)) + C\cos(\omega_2 t) + D$ 

has the following two-sided spectrum: 
$$5e^{-j\pi/2} \qquad \qquad 5 \qquad \qquad 5e^{j\pi/2}$$

$$-100 -75 -50 \qquad 0 \qquad 50 \qquad 75 \qquad 100$$
frequency in Hz
(a) Determine  $A, B, C, D, \omega_1, \omega_2, \phi$ , and  $\tau$  the signal  $x(t)$  with the above spectrum.

$$-100$$
  $-75$   $-50$   $0$   $50$   $75$   $100$  frequency in H (a) Determine  $A, B, C, D, \omega_1, \omega_2, \phi$ , and  $\tau$  the signal  $x(t)$  with the above spectrum.

(b) The signal x(t) is periodic. Determine the fundamental frequency  $f_0$ , of the signal x(t).